The McKean Co. Miner.

H. P. BARBOUR, - - Proprietor.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS AT SMETHPORT, PA.

Office—Miner Block, Church Street.

TERMS—$1.50 PER YEAR.

Rates of Advertising:

space.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	4 w.	3 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
1 inch..	$1.50	$1.50	$2.00	$2.50	$4.00	$5.00	$8.00	$12.00
2 inch's	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	8.00	12.00	18.00
3 inch's	2.50	4.00	5.00	6.00	8.00	12.00	18.00	25.00
¼ col..	3.50	7.00	8.00	9.00	11.00	15.00	20.00	30.00
½ col..	6.00	12.00	13.00	15.00	20.00	28.00	35.00	55.00
1 col...	12.00	18.00	17.50	20.00	28.00	35.00	50.00	100.00

Legal, Official and Transient Advertising, per square, three times or less, $3; each subsequent insertion, fifty cents.

Local Notices, ten cents per line for one insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary Notices over five lines, ten cents per line.

Professional Cards, per year, $5.

McKean County Miner.

Established 1868. Devoted to the interests of McKean County. TERMS:—$1.50 PER ANNUM.

VOL. XVI. SMETHPORT, M'KEAN COUNTY, PA., THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 30, 1879. NO. 49.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

Of every description neatly and cheaply executed at the

MINER JOB ROOMS.

The office is supplied with Steam Power Presses and a complete assortment of the latest styles of type and material, and every appliance necessary for the prompt execution of

POSTERS, HANDBILLS
BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS, BILL HEADS
CIRCULARS,
LETTER HEADS, PROGRAMMES
STATEMENTS, ETC.

LEGAL BLANKS.

We make a Specialty of Legal Blank Printing. We keep in stock a full line of Law and Conveyancing, "Justices' and Constables'" Blanks, and are prepared to print any style of Blanks on short notice. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Lodge Directory.

A. Y. M.

MCKEAN LODGE, No. 328, A. Y. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

H. T. SAWYER, W. M.

K. H. BARD, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—W. B. WAGONER, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m.; and Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting directly after morning services Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

BAPTIST.—W. C. Wiltse, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 6 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 3d and 4th Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

St. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a.m. Service at 11.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge.—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge.—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges.—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; F. N. Burnham, Eldred.
District Attorney.—S. W. Smith, Port Allegany.
Sheriff.—Roswell Sartwell, Smethport.
Prothonotary.—John B. Brawley, Bradford.
County Treasurer.—W. D. Gallup, Smethport.
Commissioners.—W. J. Colegrove, N. W. Abbey, John G. Boyer.
County Clerk.—H. F. Barbour, Smethport.
Jury Commr's.—J. A. Anderson, J. E. B. White.
Auditors.—O. D. Voeburgh, J. J. Roberts, C. L. Bellows.
County Surveyor.—G. H. Lyon, Bradford, Pa.
Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February and September, and Third Monday of June and December.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—S. J. Gifford.
Asst Burgess—H. S. Sartwell.
Council—I. S. Gleason, S. Gorton, A. B. Armstrong, Carl Sasse, L. Rasmer, W. D. Gallup.
Constable—H. L. Burlingame.
School Directors—D. L. Forsyth, David Sterrett, B. D. Hamlin, B. L. Knapp, N. G. Brown, H. L. Burlingame.
Justices—G M Smith P Ford
Auditors—W. Gifford, C. K. Sartwell, A. B. Armstrong.
Poormasters—B. L. Knapp, J. C. Hamlin.
Judge of Election—S. Pattison.
Inspectors—Robert Wolters, George Brownell.
Assessor—G. M. Smith.
Assistant Assessors—A. B. Armstrong, William Ramer.

Regular Meetings of Co. Commissioners.

The County Commissioners will hold regular sessions at the Commissioners' Office on the first Monday of each month for the transaction of any business that may be brought before them. And a special meeting will be held on the first Thursday after each court week for the settlement of county costs in Commonwealth cases.

H. F. BARBOUR, Clerk.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES', CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Miscellaneous.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES:

Single Harness, - $12 and upwards.
Double Harness, - $25 and upwards.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT MY SHOP and I will convince you that I can do better by you than can any foreign dealers.

I. S. GLEASON

Smethport, Pa. April 24, 1879.

NEW DRUG Store

W. T. CALLAR,

Dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES

TOILET ARTICLES,

Paints, Oils Varnishes, Etc.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at any time, Day or Night

Main St. (Brick Store.) SMETHPORT.

NEW MEAT MARKET

Rear of A. B. Armstrongs Drugstore.

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Oysters, Chickens &c. always on hand.

The Finest Tub Oysters in the Market.

DRESSED CHICKENS

furnished at any time.

A full line of groceries always in stock, and prices low. Give me a call and I will give you good bargains, good goods, and good measure.

S. J. ROCKWELL.

SMETHPORT BAKERY.

M. H. PICARD'S

BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY,

FINE TEAS,

Also Dealer in

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

SMETHPORT, PA.

Special attention given to orders from private families.

MILLINERY STORE.

I am constantly receiving additions to my stock of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS, DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

and am prepared to SELL AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Mary Tracy,

MAIN ST SMETHPORT, PA.

WHEN YOU WANT

A Nice Piece of Meat

Call at the

MAIN STREET MARKET.

FRESH AND SALT MEAT AND FISH

of the best quality always on hand.

GEO. OGILVIE,

Next door to Callar's Drug Store, Main Street,

Smethport, Pa.

Cigars & Tobacco

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

I do not hesitate to say that I will sell Tobacco and Cigars at lower Prices than they have been sold in this market since the Special Revenue Tax was laid on these goods. I will sell

FINE OLD HONESTY PLUG,

at 60 cents per pound.

Cigars from $1.50 to $3.50 per hundred.

Havana and Yara Cigars

$3.00 to $5.00 per Hundred.

Persons wishing to purchase by the BOX OR THOUSAND are invited to call and examine samples.

A. REILLY, Proprietor.

Store opposite Catholic Church, Main St., Smethport, Pa. 16-nll

Gifford & Wolters'

SAW AND

PLANING MILL,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT PA

PINE and HEMLOCK,
BUILDING TIMBER,
FLOORING,
SIDING,
SHINGLES,

and PLANED LUMBER of all Kinds, constantly on hand and made to order.

Houses Built Entire.

GIFFORD & WOLTERS.

S. J. GIFFORD, C. H. WOLTERS. v15 n31

COME TO STAY!

BergstresseR,

THE ARTIST,

Has returned to Smethport, and is ready to take the pictures of the people by wholesale or retail. He has come to stay, and will furnish

PHOTOGRAPHS OR FERROTYPES

Life-Like and Well Finished,

to old and new patrons, at reasonable rates. For the present he will occupy the old "Slide Rail Gallery" until he can put up a new building.

NEW MILK ROUTE.

Prices Reduced.

The undersigned desires to notify the people of Smethport and vicinity that he will establish a new milk route, commencing about the 10th inst., and until about the middle of October will supply fresh milk for

Three Cents a Quart.

After that date and during the winter season the price will be Four cents a quart. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

WILLIS B. RIPLEY.

Sept. 4, 1879.—1y.

ALFRED STURDEVANT

Has removed his

BARBER SHOP

into the front part of I. S. Gleason's store,

Main St., SMETHPORT, PA.,

Where he has improved facilities for

SHAVING & HAIR-DRESSING

in the highest style of the art.

CUFFS, COLLARS & TOILET GOODS

constantly on hand.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

SAMUEL BUTLER, of Chester county.

COUNTY.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,

N. C. GALLUP, of Norwich township.

OUR PLATFORM.

Until every citizen can go from Canada to Mexico, talk the plainest Republican talk and vote a free ticket as undisturbed as a rebel general talks treason in the North and votes the Democratic ticket, the mission of the Republican party will not be ended.

EVERY Republican in McKean county should do his part toward placing Pennsylvania by the side of Ohio, Iowa, California and Maine. Vote yourself and see that your neighbor votes for Butler and Gallup.

TIM. MULLIN, Jim Doyle and Jim Blair gathered themselves together about the dying embers of the Greenback party in John Backus' law office one day last week, and nominated a Mr. Wm. Mulvaney as their candidate for Jury Commissioner. Should William accidentally be elected through the apathy of the two parties of the county it will no doubt break John Sherman's heart and prove a death blow to resumption.

THERE is only one county officer to be voted for next Tuesday, that of Jury Commissioner, and the Republicans of the county can congratulate themselves that they have a candidate who will do honor to their selection and creditably fill the office. N. C. Gallup was born and brought up in Norwich township. He is a temperate, industrious, upright, conscientious citizen, and a staunch, reliable, stalwart Republican. He has never asked for an office before and did not press his claims upon the Committee at this time. But as soon as it was known that he would accept, all seemed to feel that the right man for the position had been found. We anticipate that the vote will be light in this county this fall, but it is due Mr. Gallup as an earnest Republican and quiet, honest and upright citizen that every Republican in the county should be at the polls and help give him a good vote.

Republican Committee Meeting.

Owing to the unfavorable state of the weather, the attractions of "Bob." Ingersoll at Bradford, and the prevailing impression that the business to be transacted was not of vital importance, there was a small attendance at the meeting of the county committee on Tuesday evening. The only business before the meeting was the selection of a candidate for Jury Commissioners. Messrs. N. C. Gallup, of Norwich township, and S. G. Curtis, of Keating township, were nominated, and the Chairman placed before the committee a communication from the Republican club of Bradford city, recommending the nomination of E. F. Clark, of Bradford. There was unfortunately for his candidacy no one present to advocate the claims of Mr. Clark, and the vote of the committee was divided between Mr. Gallup and Mr. Curtis. Mr. Gallup received a majority of the votes cast and was declared the nominee. No other business appearing before the committee the meeting adjourned sine die.

SAMUEL BUTLER is an honest man—belongs to an honest family—has no dishonest relations—no record of any kind that needs covering up. Lift the veil of the Barr family and take a peep at it, individually and personally, before you vote.

IF the people of the State want a mere note-shaver, a curb-stone broker for State Treasurer, Daniel O'Connell Barr is this man, and he seeks to get control of the public purse that he may repair the damage done his own wallet by recent dabbling in stock.

SAMUEL BUTLER could have had any office in the gift of the people of Chester county, any time he chose to ask for it, since his majority; while Daniel O'Connell Barr has been an office-hunter all his life, and only succeeded in getting a nomination because the real controllers of his party know that that will shelve him in defeat.

THE petty persecutions of Republicans by Democrats in North Carolina have driven Stephen A. Douglas, a son of the famous Senator and Presidential candidate, to leave that State and settle in Illinois. Douglas went to North Carolina as United States Marshal, appointed by President Lincoln, and has since lived there. His course will add to the detestation which all fair-minded men feel for the political methods of the solid South.

THE status of the next legislature of Iowa, which last year gave a Republican majority on joint ballot of sixty-nine, will be slightly changed at its next session, the Republicans having gained thirty-four votes, which will make 103 on joint ballot. Twenty-one members of the Senate held over this year leaving twenty-nine to be voted for, of which the Republicans elected twenty-seven—a gain of three. As the members elected this year will hold their offices until after 1882, when a United States Senator will be chosen, the election of a Republican Senator is assured. There are but two solitary Greenbackers in the whole body—one in each house.

B. Arnold and J. Davis.

Burdette of the Burlington (Ia.) *Hawkeye* has been visiting at Fredericton, New Brunswick, the house built by Benedict Arnold after he fled from this country, and he describes it as "a story and a half house, with a dormer window looking out of the roof. The sides are weather-boarded, but shingled. The front door opens directly on the street, and there is a single window on either side of it." Of Arnold he says:

"He lived a century too early, this man of hateful and accursed memory. Had he lived a hundred years later he might have committed treason most hateful, he might have foresworn himself in national councils and drawn his sword against the country that taught him to use it; he might have plundered the national treasury, robbed the Government of arsenals and stolen its navy yards, fought for years against the flag that waved over his birth and then—a tainted name? A traitor's doom? An accursed memory? A haunted, desolate life? Oh, no, Lord love you, simple-minded young patriot! Nothing of the sort. He would come back and be elected to Congress. He would be a Senator, he would run the Government, he would talk more loudly about the Constitution he attempted to destroy than the men who saved it; he would write books and *defy public opinion*, and the only thing to show him that God hated him would be his blighted eye. If Benedict Arnold ever looks around this planet and sees how Jefferson Davis is getting along, it must make him feel that he was a martyr and a deeply injured man."

The Result of Resumption.

The Comeron furnace, at Middletown, will be blown in this week.

A single locomotive works at Philadelphia employs 2,250 workmen.

The large Penn manufacturing works at Lancaster, Pa., will soon be started.

The Cleveland rolling mill company are making rails for the Northern Pacific.

There are 41 furnace stacks in the Lehigh valley, of which number only 11 are now idle.

The Colebrookdale iron works in Douglas township, Berks county, have increased the number of their men from forty to sixty, and are running night and day.

The Harrisburg car works have been running to their utmost capacity, working ten hours per day and turning out twelve eight-wheeled box cars daily, during the entire year.

The blast furnace built at Northumberland some years ago by Mr. James Marsh, of Lewisburg, will be started up in two weeks. It has never yet been in blast, for the reason that when it was completed it would not pay to carry on the enterprise.

The Wiconisco iron works, the oldest industrial establishment in Lykens, has been leased of Colonel E. G. Savage, of Williamstown, the owner, by C. W. Brown, and Robert Argus, and again set in motion, after standing idle for two or three years.

SECRETARY SHERMAN is quoted as saying that probably Mr. W. H. Vanderbilt and Mr. J. W. Mackey are the richest men in this country. Each of them owns $5,000,000 in the bonds of the United States—and they are the only two individuals known to hold that amount in these bonds. Each of them receives $50,000 in interest every three *month*.

Hartranft Looming up for Russia.

A Washington dispatch says that the name of *Governor* Hartranft is again prominently discussed for the Russian mission. Grow has declared his unwillingness to accept it, and it is probable that the position will be tendered to Hartranft.

How the Ohio Legislature Stands.

A canvass of the vote for members of the general assembly cast October 14th, shows that the Republicans elected 59 and the Democrats 45 members of the house, and the Republicans elected 22 and the Democrats 15 members of the senate. The Republican majority on joint ballot is 81.

Additional Local.

For Gentlemen Only.

Most men like to be well dressed, and all mankind would be well dressed were it not that mistaken ideas of economy in dress are so prevalent. It is not economy to wear ill-fitting, poorly made clothing on the ground that they cost less than well made and well fitting garments. A twelve dollar ready-made coat is really a more expensive garment to buy than a twenty-five dollar coat cut and made by a first-class tailor. The latter will last more than twice as long as the former, will fit well, will always look well until it is entirely worn out, and the wearer will always feel well in it. One thing greatly needed in this borough is a first-class merchant tailor and good cutter, but there is none and in lieu of one we can advisedly recommend all our friends who prefer to wear well made and nicely fitting garments to GRANT, of Bradford, whose advertisement appears in another column. He has been established in Bradford a number of years and his establishment stands at the front of merchant tailoring establishments of that city. He has in his employ as cutter Mr. C. S. Tripp, one of the best cutters in the State, and every garment sent out is sold on honor both as to quality of goods and the cutting and making. All connected with the establishment are pleasant, gentlemanly, honorable men to deal with. They are constantly gaining new patrons and never lose an old one unless he dies or leaves the country. Try them once.

—The hard, brassy appearance in some colored butter is never seen when dairymen use the Perfected Butter Color of Wells, Anderson & Co., Burlington, Vt. It is not unfavorably acted on by milk in any state of sweetness. It is best applied by working it in with a very little white sugar.

ROLL OF HONOR.

Smethport High School, for weeks ending Oct. 24, 1879.

The plan of this Roll is as follows:

At the beginning of each week the names of all the students of the High School are placed on this roll. If the *conduct*, the *refinement*, the *self respect*, and general *deportment* of the student have been such as is implied in the word "HONOR," that student is allowed a credit of *one*, for each such day, during the week, which, if perfect every day, will make the standing at the end of the week *five*, which is the highest number any one can obtain on this roll. On the other hand, for *every misdemeanor, neglect of duty*, or *violation of self respect, one* is deducted, and *for fee* such delinquent the name is dropped from this roll for the week. At the end of the term a *final roll* will appear, containing the names of those only who obtained the highest honors during the entire term:

Nellie Waller	5	Mary Walter	5
Minnie Callar	5	Ethel Armstrong	5
Ervin Kerns	5	Eva Forsyth	5
Mary Hamlin	5	Mate Sartwell	4
Lelia Knapp	5	Harry Knapp	5
J. M. McLarry	5	Ada Brownell	5
John Chadwick	5	Orpha Stark	5
Eva Callar	5	Willie King	5
Maggie Smith	5	Willie DeGarmo	5
Libbie Freeman	5	Rena Richmond	5
Levi Tubbs	5	Ella Wright	5
Ella Freeman	5	Mary Mullin	5
Flora Burlingame	5	May Mason	5
Jennie Haskill	4	Harry Wagoner	5
Sarah McNulty	3	Gena Hamlin	5
Aline Hamlin	5	Marvin S. Comes	4
Fred Brownell	5	Rose McIntosh	2
Frank McCarty	5	Alfred Kidder	5
Clayton Backus	4		

—Have been lowered because of absence.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Report of recitations for the month ending Oct 23, 1879. 100 per cent. shows perfect recitations.

Burg Chadwick	78	Rena Bush	74
Wm Shepard	90	Charles Picard	75
John Bockard	83	Joseph Wagoner	84
Eva Rush	98	Emery Gallup	76
Mary Wind	90	Sadie Knapp	90
Hattie Briggs	93	Anna Wind	87
Lida Wagoner	96	Alta Comes	91
Ida King	94	Flora Marty	86
Iva Bush	94	Amanda Sasse	97
Alzine McCarty	95	Joseph McCarty	80
Lulu Goodrich	94	Frank Vickery	73
Jessie Canfield	97	Millie Bartholomew	99
Minnie Rockwell	95	Charles Sterrett	91
Minnie Tubbs	96	Mary Carlin	90
Jenny Forsyth	97	Clif. Burlingame	90
Anna McNulty	90	Frank Briggs	89
Neva Eaton	89	Brewster Freeman	73
Webb Burdick	87	Nellie King	91
Carlton Sprague	93	Maggie Olsen	90
Charles O'Dell	90	Willie Bush	60
Eben Pattison	93	Warren Shaw	79
Bart Lyman	83	Ella Carlin	80
Wilber Burlingame	92	Fred Backus	84
Seneca Tubbs	93	George Backus	79

EMMA L. BACKUS, Teacher.

Our object in this is to raise the standard and dignity of the school. This, we believe, can only be done in proportion as the honor and self respect of students are elevated.

H. H. BARTHOLOMEW, Principal.

—The fight Monday evening in front of Haskill & Gifford's store created quite an audience.

—We understand Thomas Carroll has left this place for a time to attend the medical college at Buffalo.

"Don't know half their value."

"They cured me of Ague, Biliousness and Kidney Complaint, as recommended. I had a half bottle left which I used for my two little girls, who the doctors and neighbors said could not be cured. I would have lost both of them one night if I had not given them Hop Bitters. They did them so much good I continued their use until they were cured. That is why I say you do not know half the value of Hop Bitters, and do not recommend them high enough."—B., Rochester, N. Y.

See other column.

We Have Found what the People Want.

Something to cleanse their blood and drive out all the vile humors. Something to give them an appetite. Something to give them new life, new health and vigor. Parmelee's Great Blood Purifier, will do it. No disease can exist where this remedy is used, so complete are its operations. Price $1 per bottle; sample bottles 15 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

—Use Kidney-Wort and rejoice in health. One package makes six quarts of medicine.

DIED.

PROUTY.—In Smethport, Oct. 28, 1879, of Consumption, Mrs. Jane E. Prouty.

W. ED. MARSH,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

(Office in rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.)

SMETHPORT, PA.

LEGAL.

ESTATE OF O. E. WHEDON, LATE OF Bradford township.

Letters of administration upon the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the same will present them for payment, and those indebted thereto, will please make immediate payment to CHARLES WHEDON, *Administrator.*

Kendall, Oct. 23, 1879.—17 3.

Auditor's Notice.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Court an auditor to distribute the money arising from sheriff sale of the property of C. D. Greenlee, on writs wherein L. Emery, Jr. & Co., A. B. Walker et al. were Plaintiffs, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in the borough of Smethport, on Thursday, December 4, 1879, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all parties interested in said fund can present their claims.

ROBT. H. ROSE.

Auditors' Notice.

A. F. Ezard & Co. vs. Arthur Householder & J. L. Lillibridge } No. 1 June Term, 1879

Having been appointed auditor to distribute money arising from the Sheriff's sale on the above writ, I hereby notify all parties interested that I will attend to the duties of said appointment at my office, in the borough of Smethport, on Saturday, Dec. 13, 1879, at which time and place they may be present if they see proper.

ROBT. H. ROSE.

Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late Hon. A. N. Taylor, are hereby notified that said accounts are now in the hands of John C. Backus, who is Attorney for the Executors of the Estate of said Taylor, who will together with one or more of the said Executors make it a point to be at the office of said Backus, in the borough of Smethport, on Wednesday and Thursday of each week after next for the purpose of settling said accounts. All persons having unsettled accounts as above stated, will please be prompt in answering the notice, and thereby save themselves costs.

A. E. TAYLOR, H. C. YOUNG, F. N. TAYLOR, } Executors.

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 16, 1876.-tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.

16-45 ow13t.

Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic may well be called "the conquering hero" of the times. It is the medical triumph of the age. Whoever has "the blues" should take it, for it regulates and restores the disordered system that gives rise to them. It always cures Biliousness and Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headaches, FEVER AND AGUE, SPLEEN ENLARGEMENTS, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples, Blotches and ALL SKIN ERUPTIONS and BLOOD DISORDERS; Swelled Limbs and Dropsy; Sleeplessness, Impaired Nerves and Nervous Debility; Restores flesh and strength when the system is running down or going into decline; cures Female Weakness and Chronic Rheumatism, and relieves Chronic Bronchitis, and all Lung and Throat difficulties. It does these things by striking at the root of disease and removing its causes.

Dr. Fenner's Improved Cough Honey will relieve any cough in one hour.

Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief cures any pain, as Tooth-ache, Neuralgia, Colic or Headache in 5 to 20 minutes, and readily relieves Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Diarrhœa, etc.

Dr. Fenner's St. Vitus Dance Specific, One bottle always cures. For sale by A. B. Armstrong. n28-1y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VALUABLE

PROPERTIES

FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers, Assignees of the estate of L. Rogers, are prepared to offer the following Valuable Properties for sale.

THE HOMESTEAD

THIS property is located on Main and Mechanic Streets, Smethport, being one-half of square No. 62, of the Borough plot, and is 130 x 260 feet in size. Upon this lot is the residence formerly occupied by Mr. Rogers, a good horse barn, a splendid well of water, and a fine quantity of fruit trees. It is one of the most desirable locations for a residence in the Boro.

TWENTY-TWO

BOROUGH LOTS.

IN Squares Nos. 42, 21 and 20, embracing all the lots in the three Squares, excepting the two lots on the west side of Square No. 42, owned and occupied by L. W. Mason. We propose to sell two lots or more to each purchaser, giving 65 feet front by 260 feet deep, or in other words making 11 lots out of the 22. These lots are located on King and Green streets, are within 2 and 3 squares of the Court House; each of them having bearing fruit trees on them, and no more desirable lots for residences can to-day be found in the borough limits.

OUTLOTS

FORMERLY owned and purchased from Wm. K. King, W. A. Williams, the late Dr. Jedediah Darling and the heirs of the Bennett estate, embracing about—acres of land. Part of this land is under a good state of cultivation, and has a fine spring of water on it; all of it is admirably located for pasturing purposes.

THE MILL PROPERTY

EMBRACING the Saw, Planing, Shingle, Lath and Feed Mill, together with the Store building, Dams, land and water privileges connected therewith, located at the junction of Potato and Marvin creeks, belonging to the assigned estate of L. Rogers. The attention of lumbermen is particularly called to this property. Its location, in one of the most thriving sections of McKean county, its close proximity to the wonderful oil developments in the valley of Cole Creek and the belt lying between Smethport and Alton, its accessibility to the immense forests of hemlock timber along Potato creek on the south and Marvin Creek on the southwest, render it one of the most desirable mill properties in northern Pennsylvania. The mill will easily manufacture 25,000 feet of lumber every twenty-four hours. It has a steam power equal to 70 horse. It has machinery for ripping, jointing, dressing and crozing tank staves as well as for the manufacture of band wheels, tog pulleys, and sawing casks for bull wheels. It has a feed mill attached, which takes no extra power to run, capable of grinding into feed 20 bushels of corn and oats hourly. It has storage capacity for millions of feet of logs, and the cash demand for lumber at the mill for the past year has been incessant. This property will be sold for half its original cost, and upon terms which, with judicious management will pay the entire cost within the next two years.

A FARM OF 128 ACRES

ADJOINING the borough of Smethport on the southeast, and only about a mile from the Court House. This farm has a new house and two good barns on it, an orchard which bears as fine fruit as is raised in the county, a good well of water together with several magnificent springs, and about 50 acres improved. Any person thinking of buying a farm would do well to look at this property before locating elsewhere. For terms of sale inquire of

J. C. BACKUS,
A. B. ARMSTRONG,
Assignees.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 1, 1879.

C. V. GILLIS,

dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

FACY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

CARRIAGES

AND

WAGONS

Built and Repaired at

F. KERNS'

WAGON MANUFACTURY,

Water St., SMETHPORT, PA.

Having engaged a competent man to superintend the wood work of my Carriage and Wagon Shops I am prepared to take orders for

LIGHT AND HEAVY WAGONS,

of every description, also

WAGONS AND BUGGIES

REPAINTED,

and new work finished complete.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY,

and all orders for work in that line, either in Wood or Iron will receive prompt attention.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

in every particular, both as to workmanship and prices. Give us a trial.

F. KERNS, Prop'r.

LOTS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES

—AT—

Farmers' Valley Depot.

The undersigned is prepared to lease very eligible lots for building and business purposes at Farmers' Valley depot, on reasonable terms. For further information call upon or address

ADAM BROCKAM,

May 8, 1879-tf Farmers' Valley, Pa.

FRESH MILK

Delivered every Morning

THE undersigned having established a regular route for the supply of fresh milk to the people of Smethport and vicinity, solicits the patronage of the community.

GEO. W. KING.

L. M. RAUB,

Surgeon Dentist,

Bolivar, All. Co. N. Y.

TEETH EXTRACTED comparatively WITHOUT PAIN.

By the use of Dr. Von Bonhorst's Anæsthetic.

Twenty years of continued and successful practice warrants me in promising full satisfaction.

Parties wishing dental services at their homes can be accommodated promptly by dropping me a postal card.

Will be at Smethport Nov. 25th and 26th.

W. S. BROWNELL,

Dealer in

Dry Goods & Groceries,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Etc.

SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

LIVERY

AND

Exchange Stables

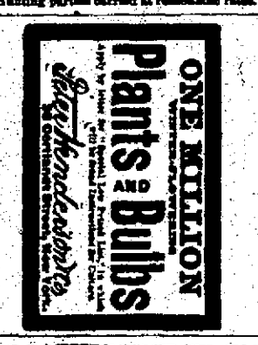
AT THE BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

FORD R. KNAPP, Proprietor.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.



$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 Outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

J. C. HASLIN,

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE

Stoves,

Ranges,

Shelf Funiture, Tinware

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

And every article usually found in a first class Hardware establishment.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

SMETHPORT, Pa. cor. Main & Church.

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse.

We are now settled in our new store, and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and the county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and at

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Friends and patrons are invited to

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

New Advertisement.

COAL AND LUMBER YARD.

The subscriber having recently purchased the Coal Yard of Messrs. Gordon & McClure at the

SMETHPORT DEPOT

of the McKean & Buffalo R. R., is now prepared to furnish the people of the vicinity with all kinds of

HARD AND SOFT COAL,

WOOD, &c.,

in large or small quantities as customers may desire. In addition thereto, he intends to keep on hand for sale

WHITE PINE, ASH AND HEMLOCK FOR FLOORING, HALF-INCH CEILING, SIDING, DOOR AND WINDOW CASINGS, DOORS WINDOWS, SHINGLES, LATH, LIME, SAND, &c.,

All of which he will sell cheap for cash.

James Carter, well and favorably known to the citizens of Smethport, and Charles Twogood have been engaged to take charge of the business, and all orders entrusted to them will receive prompt attention. A team will be constantly on hand to deliver purchases when required.

S. S. HACKET,

AGENT.

48-7

JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and dispatch. We are constantly adding to our already well stocked Job Department all the latest styles of type and facilities for doing fancy printing.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 30, 1879.

THE A B C
OF CURRANT
FINANCIAL TOPICS.

Written for the Tribune by Col. Wm. M. Grosvenor.

I.

INTRODUCTORY—RESUMPTION.

A year ago specie resumption was a great bugbear, which most people dreaded. Many who knew that resumption was a duty and a necessity were not the less weighed down with fear, and wished that the cup might pass from them. Solemn warnings filla the air. Things were going to sell for a trifle. The monster, resumption, was going to grind up the people's bones, and drink their life-blood. For pitiless money-lenders it was to be a day of bliss. The rich were to be made richer; the poor were to be made poorer; and labor was to be crushed and starved.

The day of doom came six months ago, and we are yet alive. Not one of the frightful things foretold has come to pass. Less property has been forced to sale than in any previous half year for a long time. Prices are higher, on the whole, than they were a year ago. Money has not grown more scarce, but for every safe and honest use more plentiful. More men and women are at work for living wages than at any time from 1872 to 1879. The rattle of mills is heard, and the blaze of furnace-fires is seen, in all parts of the land, where in July last all was still and dark. The number of failures and the losses by failures have dimished greatly. New farms by the thousand prove that toil brings fair pay to farmers; new mines, new shops and mills, new railroads and new houses, in all parts of the land, give work to multitudes, and bear witness that life and hope have come back to industy and trade. In short, the weary years of sinking prices, prostrate industry and stagnant trade are past, and the country has plainly entered upon a new era of steady recovery and sure return to prosperity.

No man will suffer himself to be cheated twice by the same lying guide-post. The people of this land have too much sense not to profit by the practical lesson in finance which events have taught them. Many, who have been deceived by predictions of the harm to come from resumption, have turned their backs upon false guides, and have set their faces toward the truth. They have seen the danger of resumption vanish like ghosts, as we get near them. Every word of hope, spoken in behalf of public faith faith and honest money, they have seen verified. *The old* teaching of conscience and common-sense—that honesty is the best policy—has been brought home to the mind by the experience of the past year. Now, surely, a brief, clear and simple exposition of the fundamental truths of finance, as they bear upon practical and pending questions, may be welcome and do good.

For there are still multitudes who spurn the teachings of common-sense and experience. Even now there are men who say that "resumption cannot be maintained," or that it will cost horrible sacrifices. Specie payments, they assert, involve endless risks, do harm to labor, and tax the people for the sole benefit of bankers and bondholders. More money is needed, they still cry; or the paper of the Nation in place of bank notes, or unlimited coinage of silver instead of gold. The banks, they claim, wrong the people by getting double interest. They insist that the Government alone ought to issue notes, and that its paper, made good only by its stamp, will be the cheaper if not redeemed at all, and the better if put out without that limit as to quantity which redemption involves. To these claims, and others like them, many voters still give ear. Do they not know that the same men who say these things are those who said that resumption was impossible, or predicted that direful woes unnumbered would precede or attend it? Are these false guides, who have not once been right in five years past, still to lead men of intelligence?

The series of articles on the A. B. C. of Finance will show what resumption is, and what it has done. It will show resumption can be maintained without loss, or cost, or doubt; that it ought to be maintained because it is wise as well as honest, and cheaper than anything that can take its place; and that it brings, as its friends have predicted, a growing prosperity, a solid footing for work and trade, a special help to labor, and the exact stimulus that is needed to lead the worker to save his earnings, and thus to lift himself to greater independence. The simple truths of finance, plainly stated, will make it clear that the volume of currency can be rightly regulated only by redemption; that the banks give in service more than they get in value; that those who clamor most loudly for "relief" only want more chance for the few to fleece the many; and that the country really needs, not more tinkers at its laws, but more rest and quiet, and good faith toward all.

II.

THE LEGAL-TENDER.

Every legal-tender bears on its face these words, "The United States will pay to bearer" One Dollar or more. This is a promise of the people. In resumption they are keeping that promise. The bit of paper is a note, and resumption is its payment. The people pay because years ago they borrowed *from individuals* gold, or its equivalent in bread or bacon, clothing or shoes, tents or medicines, iron, lead or powder, or other things for the defence of the Nation. If the original lender sold the note, another person advanced to him the value due, having faith that the people would yet repay in full. So the note passed from hand to hand, at each transfer some new person accepting the claim against the people in place of the property or value paid over to the previous holder. It passed because the people had declared, by formal act of their Congress during the war, that they would pay what they had borrowed. In the Act of March, 1869, they repeated the solemn pledge of the public faith, though not ready to begin paying or to fix a day. In the Resumption Act of January, 1875, they fixed a day, and gave a formal pledge that after January 1, 1879, the United States would redeem any of its notes, if presented in sums of not less than $50, at the Treasury in this city. When resumption came, the people began to pay back those who had trusted their promises. Redemption of a note at the Treasury is really a payment for the food, clothing and arms sent to the soldiers who ceased fighting fourteen years ago. Behind each note there is a most sacred debt. Refusal to meet it would be shameless and foolish.

Less than a year ago, leading bankers said they would give $50,000 to have the head of the line at the Treasury doors on the day of resumption. Because the Government had in hand less cash than it owed, they thought its store would be quickly drawn out. But before the day came, the government had made its notes so good that few holders wish to be paid. In four months from January 1, only $4,135,512 in notes was handed in for payment, while $4,194,185 in coin was deposited at the same office in exchange for notes taken out. For four months, the desire to obtain notes for use instead of gold was quite as great as the desire to get gold in payment for notes held. Yet if payment of one note had been refused, the deposit of gold would have ceased instantly, the demand for payment would at once have grown beyond all limit, and the notes would have sold for less than the gold due thereon. The few who wanted the gold for notes have been able to get it, and that fact alone has made all the notes as good as gold to every holder. Only because the Government began to pay as it promised, have so few holders asked to be paid. Only for that reason have so many holders of coin been glad to lend it to the Government for notes, and found the notes even more useful than the coin itself. Resumption is merely common sense and common honesty applied to the debts of a people. It means simply good notes instead of bad—notes that men are glad to keep, instead of notes that men are anxious to get paid.

Jones and Smith, two farmers, lost their houses and barns by fire, with their grain and hay, their implements and many cattle. They had to borrow money, material and help to rebuild houses and barns, to buy implements and cattle on credit, and even to borrow food through the long winter, and grain for seed. In due time new crops gave them some means of payment. Jones began at once to repay, with the interest agreed, whatever he had borrowed. But because he was ready to pay, others were ready to trust. If some took back the borrowed grain, others, not needing it then, left it to be repaid on demand. If some received their money for things sold or work done, others preferred to take notes with interest. If he wanted more money, many were ready to lend, for he kept his honor bright and his credit good; that was resumption; every creditor was satisfied. But Smith, though equally able to pay, held back. His creditors must wait, he said, until he could spare enough to pay all alike. His promises, he insisted, ought to be as good as cash to anybody. Presently a neighbor needed wheat or money instead of a promise, but asked in vain. Then every creditor pressed hotly for payment. Men began to doubt, and would lend no more. Notes were offered in settlement, but were taken only at ruinous rates. So he went from bad to worse. One poor crop made an end to it and the Sheriff seized his land, and Smith went up and down railing at the "money sharks," and the "gold bugs," and the "bloated bondholder."

If the people pay in good faith as soon as they can and as far as they can, their notes become good, and holders are glad to keep them. Resumption does not abolish United States notes. It was an absurd notion that resumption was a scheme of the "gold bugs" to force everybody to get actual coin for payments. Every creditor is content with a paper that is as good as gold. In no way under the sun was it possible to get gold enough to take the place of all our paper. But it was possible, and has been infinitely cheaper than any other way of escape from our troubles, to make all our paper as good as gold. Great Britain keeps paper notes in use, because it pays gold on demand. France uses notes as generally as ever, because it has resumed specie payments. Before the war this country had paper notes in general use, without any act making them a legal tender, for any man could get gold for notes at will. A great volume of notes now remains in use, not in spite of resumption, but because of it—because every man can get his notes paid if he wishes. Hence no contraction of the paper currency is caused. Everybody prefers to use notes, if they are good, instead of coin. If people should wish to use coin instead of notes, there would be no contraction of the currency; in place of every note returned to the Treasury, a coin would go into use. The difference between resuption and suspension or bankruptcy is not at all in the quantity of notes afloat, but in the quality. Suspension makes them bad for the holder of a note knows that he can get for it only what some one else may be obliged to give. Resumption makes them good, and gives the people a currency which cheats no man, because every holder knows that he can always get the gold for his notes if he wants it.

Seven Thousand Dollars Squandered.

The amount of public money squandered by Hendrick B. Wright's committee during its recent burlesque inquiry into the causes of the depression of labor, was seven thousand dollars. As labor was not depressed when Wright started upon his trip, and as he would not have been capable of making an intelligent examination of the subject if it had been depressed, this money has simply been thrown away. It was used for no other purpose than to give Wright a chance to take a summer trip at our expense and at the cost of other taxpayers, and to afford him an opportunity to harangue Communist mobs and miscellaneous idiots in Chicago and San Francisco. As a fine specimen of Democratic economy, the waste of these seven thousand dollars deserves popular consideration.—Philadelphia *Bulletin*.

THE Louisville *Post and News*, a Democratic journal, says that "it is foolish to deny that the present Governor of Kentucky is *the* Dr. Luke P. Blackburn who attempted to disseminate the yellow fever through the camps and hospitals of the Union army and cities of the North by means of infected clothing," and it censures the *Courier-Journal* for treating the accusation as a joke, or assuming to deny it. This should settle the question.

CONVICTION BY CHANCE.

HOW THE JURY BROUGHT IN A VERDICT OF GUILTY.

SCENE—A withdrawing room adjoining a court of justice. Jurymen retired to consider their verdict.

Forman—Well, gentlemen, 'twon't be no good for we to go on talkin'. 'Tis clear we can't possibly convince one another that way, so as for to agree on our verdict. Six for guilty, and arf a dozen for not guilty; 'adn't we best toss up?

Second Juryman (doubtfully)—Would that be doing exactly right?

Foreman — Why not? Wasn't there another 18 once, and when one of 'em 'ung itself, didn't the 'leven survivors draw lots oo should fill up the vacancy? Wot's the difference 'tween drawin' lots and tossin' up, an' 'ow can we do wrong if we goes by the 'Porleses?

Second Juryman—They couldn't do better than draw lots, in their circumstances.

Foreman—No more can't we in ourn.

Second Juryman—Well, I don't know; but I seem to fancy we could. Being equally divided among ourselves, isn't that equivalent to having a reasonable doubt, and oughtn't we to give the prisoner the benefit of it?

Third Juryman—O, bother, that's refining too much. Let's toss up. Toss up and trust to Providence.

Foreman—Are all you agreed on that, gentlemen?

The rest—Agreed.

Foreman—What shall it be, then? Best two out of three, or sudden death?

Second Juryman—Wouldn't sudden death in a question of life or death, be a little too summary.

Third Juryman—What's the odds? We can't stay here argying all day, and I wants my dinner.

The rest—Toss up, toss up, let's toss.

Foreman—Now, then. (*Produces a copper coin.*) Best two out of three. Guilty, eds; not guilty, tails. (*Shies copper.*) 'Eds!

Third Juryman—*Heads it is.*

Foreman—'Ere goes again. Tails!

Third Juryman—Go it once more.

Foreman—*Now for the finisher.* (*Tosses the third time.*) 'Eds! Guilty! Is that your verdict?

The rest—Unanimous.

Fourth Juryman—*Non compos.*

Third Juryman—But, seeing, after all, it was a toss up, suppose we recommend the prisoner to mercy, gentlemen.

Foreman—That's it. That'll 'it it *or!* exactly. Guilty, but recommended to mercy.

(*Exeunt into court to deliver their verdict whilst the curtain falls.—Punch.*

Mr. Greeley's Humor.

One day a stranger came into the office, looking angry, and inquired for Greeley. I pointed to the little den where Greeley was scratching away for dear life, and he made for it. As he went in I heard him say: "You —— old hypocrite!"—Greeley did not look up or even pause, but kept driving his pen madly on, his nose within a couple of inches of the paper and his lips whispering the words after the pen, as was his wont. The fellow continued, calling Greeley's attention to an article that had offended him, and denouncing him as a villain, a coward, and a liar, with an oath about every other word, meantime threatening to "knock his head off." Greeley didn't stop for a moment, but jabbed his pen into the ink and wrote on, unruffled by the blasphemy. At last the intruder exhausted his vocabulary, and turned to leave the room, when Greeley jumped up and squeaked out to him: "Say, neighbor, don't go! Stay here and free your mind!"—*Oliver Johnson.*

The Magic Name of Grant.

From the Rochester Herald (Independent.)

At all the Republican meetings this year, East, West, North, and South, any man however poor a speaker, can get up a cheer by mentioning Grant's name. If an orator gets out of breath, let him say —"Grant." [Prolonged applause.] "If he is a young speaker and the audience is going to sleep, let him conjure with the talisman, "Grant." [Loud and long continued applause. Everyone wakes up.] If he is interrupted by an impertinent Democrat let him hurl back "Grant." [Cheers and cries of put him out.] It will be the easiest thing in the world to make a good Republican speech this year and the next. Even Democrats, like the true patriots that they are, cannot resist a cheer for Grant when they see him, and it would not surprise us at all if they stole a march on the Republicans and nominated the General first.

SECRETARY EVARTS made a strong point in his Cooper Institute speech on the Northern upholders of the shotgun policy. Speaking of the verdict in the Chisolm case, and the Democratic claim that it was rendered by a fair jury, he went on to say that this was undoubtedly the truth. The jury fairly represented the public sentiment of their locality, and their verdict simply echoed the popular opinion that the murderers of Chisolm had done nothing to deserve punishment. This is just as true of the Yazoo murder. Public sentiment in Mississippi sustains the shotgun despotism, and gives proof that it does by allowing the guilty persons to go unmolested. Lamar keeps silent in deference to this opinion, while Singleton less politic, toadies to it.

THE Washington *Republican* is not a very ardent admirer of Mr. George William Curtis. It says: President Hayes has vetoed the idea of "scratching" Cornell. That lick-spittle, sham civil-service reformer, George William Curtis, will read this announcement with a dawning conviction that he has bitten off more than he can masticate.

EVERY time Tilden's income-tax suit is called in court his counsel ask for postponement. It is the same old business—"I'll see you later."

"Truth is Life."

There is nothing that tends to relieve the human frame from the tumults of every day life more than quiet rest and sleep at night. Parmelee's Dyspepsia Compound will make you sleep as sweetly as you could desire, for the most frequent cause of sleeplessness is dyspepsia, and by the use of this compound the liver is stimulated to healthy action, and you "feel like a new man" and sleep as you have never slept before. Sample bottles 15 cents; large size, $1. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

A Wise Deacon.

"Deacon Wilder, I want you to tell me how you kept yourself and family well the past season, when all the rest of us have been sick so much, and have had the doctors visiting us so often."

"Bro. Taylor, the answer is very easy. I used Hop Bitters in time; kept my family well and saved the doctor bills. Three dollars' worth of it kept us well and able to work all the time. I'll warrant it has cost you and the neighbors one to two hundred dollars apiece to keep sick the same time." "Deacon, I'll use your medicine hereafter."

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Diseases, like thieves, attack the weak. Fortify your organization with the Bitters, and it will resist and baffle alike the virtue of epidemics and the changes of temperature which disorder the constitutions of the feeble. There is vitality in it. It is a pure vegetable stimulant, a rare alterative and anti-bilious medicine, and has not a harmful element among its many ingredients.

For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally.

WARNER'S SAFE REMEDIES

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

(Formerly Dr. Craig's Kidney Cure.)

A vegetable preparation and the only sure remedy in the world for Bright's Disease, Diabetes, and ALL Kidney, Liver, and Urinary Diseases.

Testimonials of the highest order in proof of these statements.

For the cure of Diabetes, call for Warner's Safe Diabetes Cure.

For the cure of Bright's and the other diseases, call for Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

WARNER'S SAFE BITTERS.

It is the best Blood Purifier, and stimulates every function to more healthful action, and is thus a benefit in all diseases.

It cures Scrofulous and other Skin Eruptions and Diseases, including Cancers, Ulcers, and other Sores.

Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Stomach, Constipation, Dizziness, General Debility, etc., are cured by the Safe Bitters. It is unrivaled as an appetizer and regular tonic.

Bottles of two sizes: prices, 50c. and $1.00.

WARNER'S SAFE NERVINE

Quickly gives Rest and Sleep to the suffering, cures Headache and Neuralgia. Prevents Prostration, and relieves Nervous Prostration brought on by excessive drink, overwork, mental shocks, and other causes.

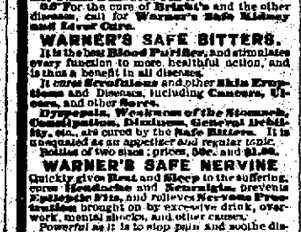
Powerful as it is to stop pain and soothe disturbed Nerves, it never injures the system, whether taken in small or large doses.

Bottles of two sizes: prices, 50c. and $1.00.

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS

Are an immediate and active stimulus for a Torpid Liver, and cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Diarrhœa, Malaria, Fever and Ague, and should be used whenever the bowels do not operate freely and regularly. So other Pills require such small doses for their work. Price 25c. each. Warner's Safe Remedies are sold by Druggists & Dealers in Medicine everywhere.

H. H. Warner & Co., Proprietors, ROCHESTER, N. Y. Send for Pamphlet and Testimonials.



VEGETINE

Cured Her.

BELLEVUE, KY.

DR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—I must state that your Vegetine deserves to be called a valuable blood purifier, renovator and invigorator of the whole system. My wife suffered for a length of time with a *Scrofula Sore* on the leg. She took several bottles of Vegetine. The results were surprising. It cured her, while all the former remedies failed to give satisfaction.

Respectfully, F. F. TRICK.

I know the above to be true.

HENRY WERTHEIMER, Druggist and Apothecary, 129 Monmouth St.

VEGETINE.—For eradicating all impurities of the blood from the system it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

VEGETINE

Purifies the Blood.

BOSTON, MASS., Jan. 13, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—I have been using VEGETINE for some time with the greatest satisfaction, and can highly recommend it as a great cleanser and purifier of the blood.

J. L. HANAFORD, Pastor of Edinston-square M. E. Church.

NERVOUSNESS, and all derangements of the nervous system, are usually connected with a diseased condition of the blood. Debility is a frequent accompaniment. The first thing to be done is to improve the condition of the blood. This is accomplished by taking Vegetine. It is a nerve medicine, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

VEGETINE

Will Cure Rheumatism.

CINCINNATI, April 9, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—I have used your medicine, the Vegetine, for *Rheumatism* with great success, and believe it to be the best medicine for that complaint that there is. I also know it is a good blood purifier, and at the present time am using it as the best spring medicine that I know of. I take great pleasure in recommending the Vegetine to my friends.

H. MUND, Charles Street.

THOUSANDS will bear testimony (and do it voluntarily), that VEGETINE is the best medical compound yet placed before the public for renovating and purifying the blood, eradicating all humors, impurities, or poisonous secretions from the system, invigorating and strengthening the system debilitated by disease; in fact, it is, as many have called it, "The Great Health Restorer."

VEGETINE

For Dyspepsia.

ASHLEY, ILL., Jan. 22, 1878.

H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—I have been using Vegetine for *Dyspepsia*, and find more relief from it than all the other medicines I ever used. There is nothing like it for Dyspepsia.

MRS. M. E. FOWLKS.

I am personally acquainted with Mrs Fowlks, and can certify that the above statement is true.

W. C. PACE, M. D., Druggist, Ashley, Ill.

THOUSANDS SPEAK.—VEGETINE is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered, and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

VEGETINE

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

IMPROVED FARMS FOR SALE.

One farm of 80 acres, 50 acres improved, adjoining this borough; one of 60 acres, 50 acres improved, one mile from here, and one of 70 acres with 45 acres improved, five miles distant. All are under a good state of cultivation with frame house and barn and good orchard on each.

Smethport, Oct. 23, 1879 H. HAMLIN.

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KIDNEY-WORT

The Only Known Remedy

THAT ACTS AT THE SAME TIME ON

THE LIVER, THE BOWELS, and the KIDNEYS.

This combined action gives it wonderful power to cure all diseases.

Why are we Sick?

Because we allow these great organs to become clogged or torpid, and poisonous humors are therefore forced into the blood that should be expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT RADICALLY CURES

BILLIOUSNESS, PILES, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, URINARY DISEASES, FEMALE WEAKNESSES, AND NERVOUS DISORDERS,

by causing free action of these organs and restoring their strength and power to throw off disease.

Why Suffer Bilious pains and aches? Why be tormented with Piles and Constipation? Why frighten and weary out your friends? Why endure nervous headaches and sleepless nights?

Use KIDNEY-WORT and rejoice in Health. It is a dry, vegetable compound and one package will make six quarts of Medicine. Get it of your Druggists, or will order it for you.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

ESTABLISHED 1840.

PAYETT SPARK-ARRESTER.

8 - H. P. Mounted,	$560.	2-H.P. Eureka,	$160.
10 " "	750.	4 " "	250.
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Are Distinguishing Features of the celebrated

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Now having many late improvements, they are fully equal to every demand; cleaning all kinds of Grain, Peas, Beans, Castor Beans, Corn and Small Seed. They grade Wheat perfectly by once handling. Separate Oats from Wheat, Barley and Rye. They have very perfect arrangements for cleaning Timothy, Clover, Flax Seed, Orchard Grass, and all other Small Seeds. They Chaff perfectly, and combine every qualification required to do the best work in the shortest time.

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They are shipped, boxed for ocean transportation, and "set up" or "knocked down" for forwarding inland, as requested; and in all cases put free on board Cars or Steamer. Orders filled same day as received.

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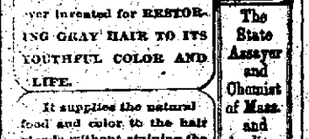

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"Hop Bitters has received testimony and praise from ministers, doctors, editors, lawyers, bankers, merchants, mechanics, farmers, laboring men, wives, children, everybody, and we say all are right."

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"Your stomach sick, headache, and bowels in terrible fix? Take Hop Bitters and be well."

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"Hop Bitters builds up, strengthens and cures continually from the first dose."

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How Cream Cometh the sweetest, rarest medicine. All children.

The Hop Pan for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, is unequaled by all others. Cures by absorption. Ask Druggists.

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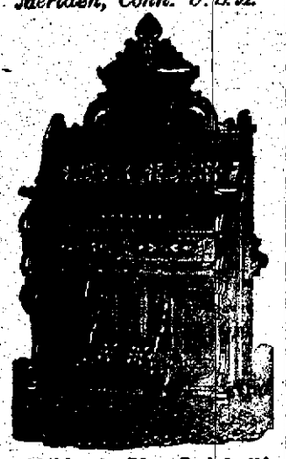

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UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY.

"The Wilcox & White Organ Instructor" is the BEST and CHEAPEST in the market!

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THE GREAT POSITIVE CURE

for all DISEASES arising from a deranged condition of the BLOOD, LIVER, NERVES, or DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

The Best Family Medicine on Earth.

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Is any person afflicted with a disease that VIGORENE will not relieve or cure, providing the bones or organs are not wasted beyond points of repair.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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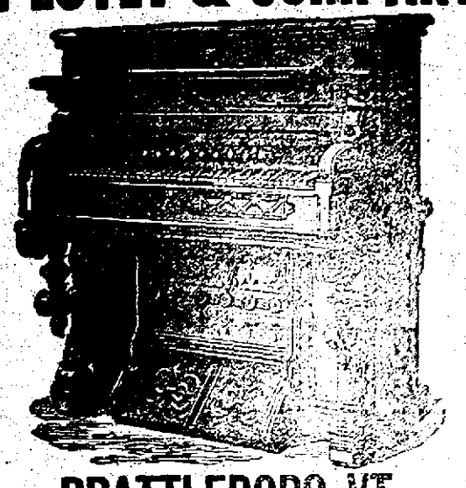

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ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for me; also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

HASKILL & GIFFORD'S STORE.

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Agent of the Trustees

WELLSBORO, Dec. 24, 1873. t

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBOROUGH, Penn'a, Feb'y 25, 1879.

All persons are hereby cautioned against going upon the unsold lands of this estate without proper authority thereto. An unauthorized entry upon the lands of the estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the contracts and leases have on them drafts which show their location. All claims to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidences, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

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(v16-n10 tf.)

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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Contract—Land,
Contract—Teachers,
Charters of Incorporation, with app.
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Declaration Common Counts (2 kinds,)
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Foreign Attachment,
Leasehold Mortgages,
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Praecipe for Summons in Am'p't
Plaintiff's Statement and Notice,
Plaintiff's Bond in Replevin,
Poor Orders,
Protests,
Record of Ju[illegible]onts and Liens,
Road Orders,
Summons,
Subpœnas,
Scire Facias to Revive Judgment,
Sheriff's Bill of Sale,
Statement for Judgment on Motion,
School Orders,
Transcript—Commonwealth,
Transcript—Civil,
Warrants,
Attachments for Witness,
Sci. Fa. upon Recognizance.

$1500 TO $800 A YEAR, or $5 to $20 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50cts. to $3 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. It costs nothing to try the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland Maine.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

TIME TABLE.

Farmers Valley and Coleville Line of Stages

Leave Coleville 1.40 a. m. connecting with 2.10 train for Smethport and 9.35 train for Larrabee.

Leave Coleville at 1 p. m., connecting with 2.35 mail for Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo.

Leave Coleville at 5.15 p. m. connecting with 5.46 train for Larrabee.

Leave Farmers Valley at 9.40, after arrival of 8.10 and 9.35 trains from Larrabee and Smethport.

Leave Farmers Valley at 11.55, after arrival of Buffalo mail.

Leave Farmers Valley at 2.25, after arrival of mail from Clermont and Smethport.

Parties of two or more at Coleville desiring to take the 6.15 p. m. express for Olean and Buffalo at Farmers Valley can be accommodated by leaving instructions at either the Cole House or Bennett House the previous evening.

N. B.—The above schedule will be strictly observed and stages will run promptly on time and can be always depended upon.

A. E. TUBBS, Proprietor

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD

Time table went into effect Monday, June 2, 1879, at 8.40 o'clock a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

MAIL—Leaves Larrabee 11.35 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 11.48*; Cory's, 11.14; Farmers Valley, 11.33; Smethport, 12.05 p.m., Crosby, 12.20, Colegrove, 12.38; Hamlin, 12.57*, Wernwag, 12.44*; Clermont, 12.51.

EXPRESS, No. 4.—Leaves Larrabee 3.15 p.m. arriving at Frisbee 3.28*; Cory's 3.37; Farmers Valley, 3.47; Smethport 3.47.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 8.—Leaves Larrabee 2.00 a.m., arriving at Frisbee 2.51*; Cory's 2.09; Farmers Valley 2.16; Smethport 2.20.

LOCAL, No. 10, second class.—Leaves Larrabee 3.45 p. m., arriving at Frisbee 3.54*; Cory's 3.39; Farmers Valley 4.10; Smethport 4.20; Crosby 4.30*, Colegrove 4.42; Hamlin 4.47*, Wernwag 5.05*, Clermont 5.17.

CLERMONT COAL, Second Class, No. 20.—Leaves Larrabee 2.40 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 3.47*, Cory's 3.59; Farmers Valley 4.09; Smethport 4.10, Crosby 4.29*, Colegrove 4.36; Hamlin 4.54*, Wernwag 4.48*, Clermont 5.05.

NORTHWARD.

EXPRESS, No. 1.—Leaves Clermont 8.20 a m. arriving at Wernwag at 8.30*, Hamlin 8.40*, Colegrove 8.52; Crosby 9.46*, Smethport 8.02, Farmers Valley 9.18? Cory's 9.31, Frisbee 9.36*, Larrabee 9.55.

MAIL, No. 3.—Leaves Clermont at 1.52 p. m., arriving at Wernwag 1.59*, Hamlin 1.50*, Colegrove 1.38, Crosby 1.26*, Smethport, 2.15, Farmers Valley 2.25, Cory's 2.35* Frisbee 2.38*, Larrabee 2.46.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 9.—Leaves Smethport at 9.25 a.m., arriving at Farmers Valley 9.35 Cory's 9.44?, Frisbee 9.47*, Larrabee 9.55.

LOCAL, No. 19.—Leaves Smethport 3.52 p. m., arriving at Farmers Valley 9.02; Cory's 9.12?, Frisbee 9.15*, Larrabee, 9.22.

BUFFALO COAL, No. 17.—Leaves Clermont at 4.10 p.m., arriving at Wernwag at 4.20*, Hamlin 4.30*, Colegrove 4.42, Crosby 4.55*, Smethport 5.10, Farmers Valley 5.30?, Cory's 5.39, Frisbee 5.42*, Larrabee 5.50.

Trains will not stop at intermediate stations except to take on or let off passengers, unless signaled.

A. C. SCOTT,
Agent.

SELECT POETRY.

ONLY.

Only a baby,
Kissed and caressed,
Gently held to a mother's breast.

Only a child,
Toddling along,
Brightening now its happy home.

Only a boy,
Trudging to school,
Governed now by stormer rule.

Only a youth,
Living in dreams,
Full of promise life now seems.

Only a man,
Battling with life,
Blessed in now by loving wife.

Only a father,
Burdened with care,
Silvered threads in dark brown hair.

Only a gray beard,
Toddling again,
Growing old and full of pain.

Only a mound,
O'ergrown with grass,
Dreams unrealized—rest at last.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Kill or Cure.

A Story of the Civil War.

"The Major is a capital fellow, Doctor," I said as we sauntered out to smoke our cigars in the garden, after an early dinner, "and what a charming wife he has!"

"You admire Mrs. Layton!"

"Admire her! If she were not a wife, I should fall head over ears in love with her. I have seen fairer faces, but for pretty, delicate, womanly ways, I never met her equal."

"You couldn't understand a man's thirsting for her blood!"

"Good gracious! A wretch who could touch one of her golden hairs roughly deserves to be crucified."

"And yet for many days she was in deadly peril of her life, and if you were to guess till this day out you would not find the cause," said my friend. "Let us sit here and I will explain. It's no secret; I wonder the Major has not told you."

* * * * *

"During the war," began the Doctor, "I served in the army, in the same regiment with an old schoolmate. He was as fine a soldier as ever drew a sword.—One day he was wounded. A ball had entered his shoulder. That was all we could tell, for there was no other orifice; but whether it passed up or down, or taken some other course round about, such as balls will take, we knew not, and no probing could find out. Well, he recovered, and for nearly three years I lost sight of him. When the war was over, and I had begun to practice as a physician in New York, I met him again. But how changed! He was a living skeleton, and I saw in a moment that he had become habituated to opium. He asked me if he might call on me at my office, and of course I assented; but it was three days before he came, and I confess the condition of my poor friend frightened me. There was an expression in his eye that I had never seen in any sane being; and what made this worse was the calmness with which he spoke. He told me that soon after he recovered from his wound he began to suffer from pains in his head, which increased in severity till they became so agonizing that he had recourse to opiates to alleviate them.

"They leave you very weak!" I suggested.

"They leave me," he replied, quite calmly, "*with a burning, all but unconquerable desire to take human life!*"

"I am not a nervous man, but I started, and looked around me for some weapon of defence. "Don't be afraid," he continued with a sad smile, "the fit is not on me now. I should not have come if it had been. I can conquer my madness now; the question is, how long can I continue to do so. I feel that it is growing upon me. I feel my power of resistance becoming weaker and weaker—the craving for blood getting stronger and stronger. I have bought wretched curs out of the street, and killed them in the hope to exhaust it on them. It is no use, I must have *human life.*"

"*Any* human life?" I inquired, "or *some one in particular?*"

"Why do you ask this, Doctor?"

"No matter; go on."

"Sometimes," he resumed, "it seems that *any life* would do; and sometimes —— Doctor, four days before I saw you I met upon a New Jersey ferry boat a young girl. So pretty, so refined and nice! I followed her home—she went in and soon came out into her little garden and tended her flowers—poor child!—Doctor, if I had had a pistol with me I should have shot her. You may smile but some day I shall take a pistol on purpose and shoot her."

"Then," said I, "the only thing you can do is to enter an asylum."

"If I were to enter a madhouse I should sooner or later murder my keeper, and go straight for that innocent girl."

"Then leave the country."

"Well that would save *her*; but, if I don't kill her, I shall kill some one else."

"My dear fellow," I replied, "these fancies are curable. Put yourself under skillful medical treatment."

"Medical treatment! I have consulted every practitioner of note here and in Europe. All have failed. Doctors are of no use to me."

"Then why have you come here?"

"To ask your advice, and to ask you one question as a friend, and I pray you to give me a plain yes or no."

"Go on."

"Feeling as I feel, shall I be justified before God in taking my own life! Will it be a deadly sin for me to do for myself what I would do to a mad dog?"

I started up and told him that I would not then answer him—that it was not fair to ask me to take such a responsibility. "Give me till to-morrow to think it out," I said.

"To-morrow may be too late," he replied. "The fit may come upon me to-night for all I know."

"Come home with me; I am not afraid. You won't hurt me," I said.

"I would try very hard not to do so—but—I cannot trust myself. *Don't you [illegible]*"

"I [illegible] You are not armed. [illegible]"

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

to talk of our old soldiering days and gradually got him back to his wound. I made him describe the first sensations again to me hand, and repeat all the little different medical advisers had said. I carefully examined his head. At last I felt a twitching about two inches above the left ear. It might be merely nervousness, but it might be *caused by the ball.*

I then set to work and thought the whole case over steadily.

After a long and careful consideration I came to the following conclusions:

He is not laboring under suicidal mania.

"His impulse is real, and will have fatal results.

Confinement in an asylum would have no curative effect.

* * * * *

The next morning I addressed him thus:

"Before I answer you as to whether you would be justified before God, under the impulse you have told me of, in taking your own life to save that of another, you must answer me several questions.

"Go on," he said.

"When you consulted those doctors did you tell them all that you have told me?"

"No; I did not dare. I said that I had horrible thoughts and cravings, but without entering into details as to what they were.

"Did they ever speak of searching for that ball?"

"Yes, they said it might be the cause of my sufferings, but that no one would take the responsibility of searching for it—so to speak—in the dark."

"They were right—the operation might kill you, and the ball be not found after all."

He looked up, and the dull dejected look that had become habitual passed from his face.

"And even if it were found," I went on, "its extraction might cause your death all the same. Still it would give you a chance—just a chance of more than life. And submitting to such an operation—almost hopeless though it be—would not be *quite* suicide."

He fell on his knees and sobbed like a child. "You'll do it?" he cried, "God Almighty bless you! You'll do it!"

* * * * *

"Well," said my friend, lighting a cigar, "to make my story short, I did it, with the assistance of a young surgeon whose nerve I could trust. We found the ball near where I had suspected it to be. It was just a case of touch and go. Had my knife wavered twice the breadth of its own edge—had the assistant been unsteady with the forceps—it would have been fatal. I don't want to appear vain of my success, so I'll say no more than this—*he recovered.*"

"And hasn't killed anybody?"

"No, and doesn't want to."

"By Jove! I wouldn't be too sure of that. And so the girl he wanted to murder married the Major?"

"She did."

"Then if I were her husband I'd take precious good care that your interesting patient didn't come into the same State with her."

"My dear fellow, if you were her husband you'd do exactly as her husband does."

"Does he know?"

"Yes."

"And doesn't care!"

"Not a bit."

"Then he's a brute!"

"You'd better tell him so—here he comes."

"Does she know?"

"She does."

"And she's not afraid!"

"No."

"One other question. Does your patient still live in this country?"

"He does."

"In what State?"

"This State."

"Near here?"

"Very near."

"Then, with all possible deference for our friend the Major, I think he is very foolish. Were I in his place I should say, 'My good sir, I admit that the ball from which you suffered so long cannot get back into your brains, but I am by no means sure that the *ideas* it engendered may not return. At any rate your presence near my wife is likely to make her nervous, and I appeal to you as a gentleman to locate yourself in some other part of the country.'"

"Very neatly put," said the doctor, "but our friend does not think of committing suicide now."

"Mercy, Doctor!" I cried, "you don't mean to say that the man who wanted to murder the Major's wife is—is——"

"The Major himself. Yes, sir."

A Band of Desperados.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A dispatch from Milledgeville, Georgia, says: A band of men numbering about 10 or 12, after committing murder and arson openly defy arrest, and continue their work of depredation. The rule of the gang is so absolute over the people that they will not dare to tell any human being of their knowledge of the desperados. They have plenty of arms, money and friends. If they can ever be run into the swamp the people of the surrounding counties will hunt them down as they would wild beasts. Wednesday night the outlaws attacked the premises of Luke Robinson and burned his barns, stables and gins. Two men standing guard were fired at and driven off, one being wounded.—Houses were then burned, the figures of the outlaws being plainly seen as they stood laughing and shouting in the light of the flames. Other houses and lives have been threatened, and the greatest consternation prevails in the troubled section. A note has been sent to the Milledgeville Mayor, saying that they would pay him a visit soon, though of course no fears are felt in the City. The Governor is determined to capture these men if it takes a regiment of men.

A Vital Question Answered.

Thousands of dyspeptic and billious sufferers who have exhausted the list of official remedies in vain, are asking if there is any remedy for their misery. There is Hamilton's Jamaica Ginger Tonic will give them immediate relief and eventually restore them to perfect health. It is a Stomachic, an alterative and a gentle diuretic combined in one delicious and refreshing draught. It is also a valuable tonic and produces none of the prostrating effects sure to follow the use of liquors. Price 50 cents per bottle; samples 10 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

SAD ACCIDENT.

A MAN SHOOTS HIS AGED UNCLE BY MISTAKE.

Joseph D. Barker, a highly respected resident of New Rochelle, aged 64 years, was shot at a little past [illegible] o'clock on the 15th instant, under peculiar and painful circumstances. He was shot by his nephew, who mistook him for a burglar. Mr. Barker was a brother of James W. Barker, who was the "Know-Nothing" candidate in opposition to Fernando Wood when he ran for Mayor of this city, some 20 or 23 years ago. Another brother is Stephen H. Barker, of Tuckhoe, where he has a rubber factory under the firm name of Hodgman & Co; he also carries on an extensive wholesale and retail dry goods business at Louisville, Ky. Joseph D. Barker was formerly engaged in business in this city, where he conducted a store in Chatham street, known as the "Big Foot." For some time he has lived in retirement with relatives.

Benjamin S. Clark, Mr. Barker's nephew, a lawyer in this city, and his wife recently purchased a cosy dwelling house, at Maine and Huguenot streets, a short distance south of the Presbyterian Church at New Rochelle, and with them Mr. Barker lived, and also his sister, Sarah Clark, and one or two other near relatives. Among them all the most affectionate relations existed. Mr and Mrs. Clark slept in a front room on the first floor. At about one o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Clark was aroused by his wife, who had heard some noise which led her to suppose that burglars were trying to effect an entrance into the house. Mr. Clark immediately sprang from his bed, armed himself with a revolver and cautiously went in the direction from whence the noise came. After examining the dining-room windows and the stairs running to the basement without making any discovery, he went to an entrance leading to the rear piazza and found that the inside door, which is half glass and opens into the rear hall, was partly open and that the outer door was unfastened. It appeared to move, as if some one on the outside were trying to open or close it tightly. Mr. Clark took hold of this door and called out to the supposed robbers:

"Who's there? Speak or I shall fire."

He then pressed against the outer door to open it, but his efforts were resisted by some one outside. Mr. Clark again called out:

"Speak, or I shall fire."

Again he received no response. The door was not fully closed at the time, and by pressing against it Mr. Clark succeeded in thrusting the muzzle of the revolver into the aperature. Seeing no object outside, he fired twice, with a view of frightening away the supposed burglars. The charge of the pistol each time scorched the side of the door. Immediately after the last shot the pressure against the door outside ceased, and Mr. Clark's pressure against it from the inside caused it to open. Then Mr. Barker entered the rear hall, attired only in a flannel shirt. Mr. Clark, on recognizing him, exclaimed:

"My God, uncle, is that you? What are you doing here? I might have hurt or shot you."

Mr. Barker placed his hand on his nephew's shoulder, and said:

"Benny, I think you have shot me."

He then fell forward with his hands upon the stairs. Mr. Clark, on attempting to raise him, discovered that he had shot him, as blood was flowing from his left arm. Dr. Well was immediately sent for, but when he arrived Mr. Barker was dead.—N. Y. *Tribune.*

Express Robbers.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 22.—Two of the supposed train robbers were arrested at Holden, Johnson County, Monday night, and brought here on the Missouri Pacific train this morning, and lodged in jail. Mr. Leverton, the detective who is working up the case, went to Independence yesterday, and swore out a warrant charging Geo. Campbell and one Stevens with participating in the train robbery. The warrant was placed in the hands of Marshal Leggett, who detailed Deputy Marshall Hayes to serve it. Marshal Hayes and detective Leverton then took the first train for Holden, Johnson county, Mo., where the suspected men were last heard from. Arriving there about 9 o'clock p.m., the Town Marshall was hunted up, and a posse of four trusty men summoned to assist them. It was soon learned that the two suspected men had come into town from their hiding place in the woods Monday evening. A short search soon revealed their whereabouts. Stevens was found in the house of his divorced wife, who had been living a loose life since her separation from him a few months ago. Her residence, a small frame house, was surrounded by officers, and the Marshal then knocked at the door. At first he received no reply, but after repeated raps, a woman answered from the inner darkness of the room. She protested that there was no man about the house, but in a few minutes a man's voice was heard. The Marshal demanded that he come out and surrender, but instead the woman swore that she would kill the first man that attempted the arrest. After giving vent to numerous oaths, she rushed out of the house flourishing a pistol and swearing that she would kill the first man she saw. She was soon overpowered and the pistol taken from her. She immediately drew another from her breast and attempted to shoot the Marshall, but was soon disarmed. She was then ordered handcuffed. As soon as she saw the cuffs she broke down in a fit of crying, and begged the Marshal to spare her that humiliation, which he did.

While meditating how to get Stevens out of the house, the wanted man cried out that he wished to speak with the Marshal, and, on his going to the door he quietly surrendered, as he saw that the house was surrounded and resistance useless. After handcuffing the prisoners the officers set out in search of Campbell, who was found in bed in a bagnio and arrested without resistance. It is now thought that they have three of the gang—Campbell, Stevens and the man arrested in Lexington last week.

Does it Injure the Skin?

It does no. Hamilton's Oriental Balm is entirely free from anything calculated to injure the skin or health. It is decidedly the best thing in the market. It removes tan, pimples, freckles, moth patches, black worms or grubs and leaves the skin clear and transparent. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HASKILL & GIFFORD

Have Just Received an elegant Line of

FALL GOODS

Which they are Offering at

VERY LOW PRICES!

Their New Stock Embraces an Unusually Fine Line of

Men & Boys' Clothing

AND

Prints & Dress Goods

That cannot fail to please. Also a lage assortment of

MUSLINS & SHEETINGS.

Their Shelves are Loaded with

UNUSUALLY FINE STOCK

And their patrons and friends are invited to

CALL AND INSPECT.

FALL AND WINTER STYLES.

—o|o—

W. D. GALLUP,

Is now prepared to exhibit a Large stock of

DRY GOODS AND DRESS GOODS

ALSO A FULL STOCK OF

MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

—o§o—

The Grocery & Boot & Shoe Department is Always Complete.

Drugs, Patent Medicines,

School Books, Blank Books,

STATIONERY, FANCY GOODS,

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

OF

A. B. ARMSTRONG, SMETHPORT, PA.

AT Armstrongs Jewelry Store

may be found a full assortment of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELRY.

Roger's Best Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c. Castors, Cake Baskets, Syrup Cups, Mugs, Pickle Dishes, Napkin Rings, and all Goods Manufactured by Rogers Bros.

A FULL LINE OF TOYS FOR THE "LITTLE FOLKS."

A FULL LINE OF PRESENTS FOR THE "BIG ONES.

Agent for the Howe Sewing Machine

Agent for WANAMAKER & BROWN'

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA.

Call And Get Prices--Buy And Be Happy.

M. L. ARMSTRONG.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., October 30, 1879

L. W. MASON

Has rented the SUECHE & SASSE the lower story of the

MASONIC HALL BUILDING

SMETHPORT, PA.,

and has fitted it up for a first-class

TIN & SHEET IRON WORKS,

where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in that class under All kinds of

REPAIRING

done with neatness and dispatch. A full line of

TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WARE

always on hand

CALL AND SEE HIM.

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

—Election day next Tuesday.

—Additional local on first page.

—Insure your life with W. H. Mandeville Olean, N Y tf

—Clothes wringers repaired at Mason's.

Chew "Jackson's Best" Sweet Navy Tobacco v16-n4-y1

—Fresh oysters every day at A. H. Pierce's restaurant.

—None but reliable insurance companies represented by W.H. Mandeville. ff.

—Families supplied with fresh oysters at A. H Pierce's restaurant.

—R. O. Smith & Co. send greeting to the readers of the MINER in this issue.

—L. Emery, Jr. & Co. will arise to remark a few words to our readers next week

—Mason has a few first-class cook and heating stoves left which he is selling cheap for cash.

—O. P. Coon, Democratic candidate for Jury Commissioner, was in town this week, and called at the MINER office.

—The Standard Company has contracted for a pipe line from the northern oil field to Cleveland, to cost half a million.

—J. P Wendel has fresh oysters on hand at all times, which he will sell at lowest prices in any quantity to suit purchasers.

—The drawing of the juries for next December term exhausted the wheel. There were just enough names in the wheel and not one to spare.

—The extra rush of court week and the printing and distributing of election tickets has taxed the resources of our office to the utmost this week and delayed the paper a few hours.

—The "heavy vein of water" which, according to the *Democrat*, retarded drilling at the Brant well last week was merely a product of our neighbor's vivid imagination. Up to Saturday night the well was as dry as a powder horn.

—A series of lectures by such men as Henry Ward Beecher, Theodore Tilton, James Murdoch, Robert Collyer, and Robert G Ingersoll will be given in Bradford this winter under the auspices of the Literary society organized by a number of gentlemen with the purpose of providing first-class amusements.

—Jury Commissioner J A. Anderson is on deck again this week. Jim swears that the democratic committee did put him on as a candidate for Jury Commissioner, against his will, and then reduced him to the ranks, much to his satisfaction He says he is a "pretty tough old Kenzua crow" and can stand grief.

—Nelson Hooker and wife were run away with last Friday evening near Coleville. The team took fright and ran for a mile and a half without stopping. The buggy finally struck a watering trough and was completely shattered. Mr. Hooker was thrown out with great force and severely injured about the head His wife was slightly injured.

—Mr J. M. McClure, Esq., late of Allentown, this State, was admitted to this bar on Monday. Mr. McClure will locate in Bradford. He was Deputy Attorney General during the latter part of Gov. Geary's administration, and comes highly recommended as a gentleman and legal practitioner. There would seem to be a great sufficiency of legal gentlemen at this bar, but there is always room for more of a superior order of talent, and Mr. McClure appears to be one of that kind.

—About 5 o'clock last Friday afternoon at Rixford William Holt, familiarly known as Romeo, met with a very distressing accident. He was engaged in lowering a light torpedo in Cavenaugh's water well, where some obstruction prevented its descent. Instinctively he bent over the well and continued to drop the dangerous explosive past the impediment While thus engaged it exploded. Holt's skull was fractured and one of his eyes blown out. He is in a very critical condition, and his recovery is considered doubtful.

—The pipe line company are at present shipping on an average thirty car loads—three thousand barrels of oil—per day. If they could be supplied with cars the shipping would average forty-five to fifty cars daily Arrangements are being made, however, to have the requisite number of cars on hand soon. A few days since the company, in order to test the capacity of the pipes, pumped forty-four hundred barrels of oil in one day, without any perceptible strain upon them men being stationed along the whole length of the line for observation. Everything worked smoothly and in the most satisfactory manner.—*Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin*

Give Me Liberty or Give Me Death.

Last week as Sheriff Winters of Cattaraugus County was taking a prisoner to the Buffalo Penitentiary, via the Buffalo & Southwestern Railway, the man jumped from the train between Eden Centre and North Collins, and escaped. The train at the time was running thirty miles per hour or faster, and the prisoner who plunged recklessly from the rear platform of the last car, rolled over half a dozen times, and then regaining his feet apparently uninjured, struck out for the woods at a rapid pace Sheriff Winters left the train at the next station, and collecting a force of assistants, started in search of his man, without, however, recapturing him The escaped prisoner was under sentence of six months imprisonment for an aggravated case of assault and battery

Hymenal.

Rev J C Whiteside drove up from Eldred on Tuesday to unite in marriage Mr J R Dromey, late of Brockton N Y., and Miss Tina Ferris The ceremony took place at the bride's residence in Farmers Valley at 9 p. m and the next day the bridal party departed upon the customary tour, attended with the congratulations and hearty good wishes of a host of friends, in which the printers most heartily join.

The Tennessee Jubilee Singers.

The above company entertained a large audience in the Court House this evening with their inimitable singing. They are all colored, three ladies and five gentlemen—and all full of music. All the parts were well handled and it was the universal expression of the audience that they had never heard finer singing. They will sing again at the Court House tomorrow (Friday) evening, with an entire change of programme and we expect the Court Room will be more than crowded.

Death of a Pioneer.

David E. Foster, yesterday, died at his home near Lewis Run, about five miles south of this city. Deceased was aged sixty-two years and had been a resident of this section for the past half century. He followed a quiet and steady life as a farmer and was widely known and esteemed among the older residents of the Tuna Valley. For the past year he has been afflicted with consumption so that he was unable to longer attend the labors of his farm. The funeral will take place at the late residence of the deceased on Friday.—Bradford *Era*.

Assessors Appointed.

The Commissioners have made the following appointments of Assessors and Assistant Assessors for the different wards of Bradford city:

FIRST WARD. Assessor—A. S. Sinclair; Assistants—Albert DeGolia, Patsey Fragner.

SECOND WARD. Assessor—G. H. Lyon. Assistants—L. G. Peck, P. L. Webster.

THIRD WARD. Assessor—G. L. Roberts. Assistants—Geo. N. Story, J. H. Roth.

FOURTH WARD Assessor—G. W. Moorhouse; Assistants—I. G. Howe, L. B. Brown.

FIFTH WARD. Assessor—C. S. Robinson. Assistants—Dr. A. E. Arters, M. D. Harris.

Preparing for Business.

The County Commissioners are making all necessary preparations for work on the new Court House. For the purpose of allowing the contractor to take advantage of the fine weather this fall and get all the work in possible before severe cold weather, they have decided to place the old Court House at his disposal immediately after election. From the fact that the polling places of Smethport borough and Keating township are fixed in the Court House it would not be practicable to tear down the old building before election, but after Nov. 4th it is probable that Mr. Hogan will set a large force at work demolishing the old structure. The wooden structure in the rear of the Court House is to be moved to the northwest corner of the square and fitted up for Prothonotary and Commissioners' offices. The contract of moving this building has been given to Sam. Cole at thirty-five dollars. In the rear is to be built a brick vault with wooden covering for the security of books and papers, 5x12x10 feet in the clear inside. The contract for building this vault has been awarded to Thos. Bell for One Hundred and Ten dollars. The contract for fitting up the temporary Prothonotary and Commissioners' offices will be let this (Wednesday) afternoon.

Who is Responsible?

It is very natural that the expenses of the county should be considerably greater with a population of 30,000 than it was when the population was not more than one-third as much. Yet we who pay taxes are prone to grumble about the expenses of the county. And we have a perfect right to. Those who pay the bills have a right to know that the money is not foolishly or needlessly expended. But when we grumble we should know whom we are grumbling at. The County Commissioners are not always responsible for needless outgoes of county money. To be sure they sign all the orders, and they receive a good deal of cursing for expenses for which they are not in the least responsible. As a case in point we might mention the matter of costs in Commonwealth cases. This is one of the heaviest items of expense to the county. While many claims are just and should be and are paid, there is a constant pressure for the payment of claims for which the county is not legally liable and payment is refused invariably. The justices, or some of them, are very much to blame for some of these heavy bills of cost. For instance, at last September term of court there were sent up to the Grand Jury from the Justice courts *thirty-one* cases, all of which were ignored for want of evidence and the costs put on the county. The majority were felony cases, as to which the Grand jury had no option in the matter and were compelled to put the costs on the county. As to the costs in the remaining cases, it seems rather strange to say the least that the Grand Jury (all of whom we suppose to be taxpayers and as fond of grumbling about high taxes as the rest of us) should have made the county pay the expense of groundless and evidently malicious prosecutions. But the justices are primarily at fault. Of these thirty-one cases twenty-three were sent up by the two leading justices of Bradford city, both of whom are old enough in office and in years to know when there is evidence sufficient against a defendant to secure a true bill before the Grand Jury. The costs in these thirty-one cases from one term of court amount to about $450. We mention this matter with no purpose to give vent to ill-natured criticisms upon the Honorable Justices or august Grand Jury, but simply to point to this as one of the many cases wherein the growling taxpayer may relieve the Commissioners and distribute his curses more appropriately among other officers of the county.

What it Does.

Kidney Wort moves the bowels to regularity, cleanses the blood heals inflammation and radically cures kidney disease, gravel, piles, billious headache, and pains which are caused by disordered liver and kidneys The worst cases of piles are soon cured by this medicine.

COURT PROCEEDINGS

Court opened Monday afternoon at two o'clock p m, Judge Wilson presiding

Mr. James M McClure was admitted to the bar.

The list of Jurors having been called, the Judge in addressing them stated that they were expected to be in court whether in the jury box or not during the time the court was in session, informing them that if not in court when wanted they would be fined unless they could prove that their business was of more importance than the business of the court.

To facilitate business the court went through the list as published in our last issue to see what cases were ready for trial and of the 69 cases down 48 were declared ready for trial. The first case on the list was proceeded with—Commonwealth vs. Daniel Hodge, John Taylor and Charles Newton, charged with forcible entry and detainer, Messrs. Boggs and Chapman counsel for the defendants. From the evidence it appeared that the prosecutor, A. L. Prosser, occupied certain rooms in Bradford in the early part of October, 1878, owned by defendant Hodges, that on the 3d of December of the same year defendant Hodges assisted by the defendants Taylor and Newton turned prosecutor's wife and children out of the house and removed their furniture into the street. For the defence it was argued that prosecutor was but a tenant at will having no agreement with defendant and therefore had a perfect right to remove them at any time. The Court in charging the jury said the point for them to consider was whether the prosecutors had peaceable possession of the property or not. If they had, the defendants whether owners or otherwise had no right to forcibly eject them by threats or violence.

Commonwealth vs. James Newton. District Attorney Smith and C. D. Longfellow for the Commonwealth; Eugene Mullin and James McClure for the defendant who is charged with malicious mischief in breaking two windows and destroying other property belonging to R. H. Benson, the prosecutor in this case, at Tarport, in January last.

The jury in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Dan. Hodge and others after an absence of twenty minutes returned into court and gave in their verdict as follows: Daniel Hodge and John Taylor guilty of forcible entry and Charles Newton not guilty.

TUESDAY MORNING SESSION, Oct 28th.

The jury sent out last evening in the case of the Commonwealth vs. James Newton gave in their verdict of not guilty, defendant to pay costs.

Thomas Shehan, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, pleaded guilty.

In the cases of the Commonwealth vs. Claud Rhodes, charged with larceny, Jo. Joseph Clark and M. Hogan charged with wantonly pointing fire arms, Thos. P. Hill, S. P. Hastings and A. King, charged with keeping tippling houses, George Dana charged with selling liquor on Sunday, John Mosier charged with larceny, and A. R. Reardon charged with aggravated assault and battery,—none of the defendants being in court when their cases were called the Court directed that their recognizances be forfeited.

Commonwealth vs. A. T. Newell and others, charged with forcible entry and detainer, no prosecutor being present the Court instructed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty and to consult as to the payment of costs. Jury retired and returned in a few minutes giving their verdict as directed and that prosecutor, Thomas Bacher, pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Niles Crossmire, District Attorney Smith and S. Gorton for Commonwealth and D. Sterrett for defendant. The defendant was charged with assaulting Mrs. Lilia Cummings with a chair at Farmers Valley in August last. For the defence the charge was denied.

Commonwealth vs. Martin Miller and Mary Miller, charged with an aggravated assault and battery upon William Provin at Farmers Valley in July last. District Attorney Smith for Commonwealth and Edward McSweeny for defendants. The prosecutor alleged that he had had some talk with the defendants who used abusive language to him, that the male defendant, Martin Miller, struck him on the face with a sharp instrument causing a deep flesh wound, and that the other defendant, Mary Miller, struck him in the back with a large stone.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. W. B. Chapman gave notice that he should as soon as possible move for a new trial in the case of the Commonwealth vs Daniel Hodge and another, which was granted by the court.

Commonwealth vs. Martin and Mary Miller was then proceeded with. Dr. McCoy testified to having been called professionally to attend the wound on prosecutor's face and stated as his opinion that it was caused by a sharp edged instrument. For the defence it was stated that the alleged assault and battery by the defendant, Martin Miller, was simply in defence of his wife, and she (his wife) denied having committed any of the offences so alleged.

The jury in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Niles Crossmire returned into court with their verdict of guilty.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Owen Roberts charged with maintaining a nuisance, A. G. Olmsted on behalf of the defendant asked that the indictment be quashed on the ground that it was not sufficiently specific. The objection was overruled by the District Attorney filling in the necessary information in the indictments, upon which the defendant stated that the nuisance had been removed long ago. Case continued as requested.

Com'th vs. Joseph and Frank Jozott charged with forcible entry and detainer was settled by defendants paying costs

Mr. Chapman, in moving for a new trial in the case of Daniel Hodge, of which he gave notice early this afternoon, cited many cases endeavoring to prove that owners or lessees of property had a perfect right to eject by force or otherwise tenants at will or on sufferance The court after reviewing the case stated they were unable to alter their decision as given yesterday and considered the jury perfectly justified in the rendering of their verdict of guilty of forcible entry, and must therefore refuse to grant a new trial

In the case of the Com'th vs. Thomas Hogan charged with keeping a tippling house defendant plead guilty and was sentenced by the Court to pay a fine of $50 and costs of prosecution.

Jury returned into court with their verdict in the case of Com'th vs. Martin and Mary Miller of not guilty of aggravated assault and battery in manner and form as indicted, but guilty of assault and battery.

In the matter of an application to revoke the license granted to F. N. Roberts, of Bradford, the application was made at the instigation of Eugene Mullin, and the testimony produced was for the purpose of proving that defendant had not complied with the conditions of law in obtaining the license in that he did not have the necessary bed rooms or hotel accommodations under the rule for which the license was granted.—Judgment deferred until to-morrow.

In the case of John Barry charged with assault and battery, C. D. Longfellow counsel for defendant submitted affidavit of a physician to prove that defendant was sick of a fever and therefore unable to attend court and asked for the case to be continued which was granted by the court.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 29,—MORNING SESSION.

In the assault and battery case of John Barry the counsel for the prosecution having reason to doubt the veracity of affidavit as submitted yesterday, sent messengers over to Kendall to prove their doubts and this morning at opening of court witnesses were examined to prove the defendant was not sick. The case was therefore restored, his recognizance forfeited and a bench warrant issued for his appearance here for trial to-morrow.

In the case of S. P. Hastings, charged with keeping a tippling house, defendant pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs of prosecution.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Thomas Gristock, District Attorney for Com'th and N. B. Smiley for defendant. The defendant was charged with the larceny of goods from the Erie Railway Company, but there being no evidence to convict, the jury was instructed by the court to return a verdict of not guilty.

In the case of the Com'th vs. William Marvell, charged in two indictments (1) with assault and battery with intent to rob (2) aggravated assault and battery, defendant pleaded guilty.

In the case of the Com'th vs. Terry O'Brian, charged with keeping a tippling house on Main street, Bradford, Eugene Mullin appeared for defendant. Several witnesses testified to having bought and seen the sale of liquor many times prior to date of indictment. For the defence it was alleged that defendant did not enter into possession of the premises until after the February term of court.

The cases of Patrick Ryan, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, and Thomas Plunkett, charged with surety of the peace, were both disposed of by defendants paying costs.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Irvine and Campbell, charged with keeping a tippling house, pleaded guilty and the court imposed a fine of $50 and costs of prosecution.

Charles Sherry, charged with keeping a bawdy house, was discharged upon payment of costs.

Jury in the case of Com'th vs. Terry O'Brian returned a verdict of guilty.

Com'th vs. Thomas McGoldrick, charged with receiving goods knowing them to have been stolen, defendant pleads not guilty. The Commonwealth was represented by the District Attorney and Berry & Elliott, and the defence by Mullin and Smiley. Owing to the absence of witnesses there was no evidence on the part of the Commonwealth, and the court directed jury to return a verdict of not guilty.

Com'th vs. E. W. Benjamin and Wm. Benjamin charged in two counts (1) with larceny (2) receiving goods knowing them to have been stolen. District Attorney Smith and Messrs. Berry & Elliott for Com'th; Mullin for defendant. Defendants plead not guilty. From the evidence it appeared that a barrel of sugar and a tub of mince meat were stolen from the freight house of the N. Y. L. E. & W. R'y at Bradford in November last. Thomas Gristock testified to having sold defendants a barrel of sugar for 5 cts. per lb., that the barrel was marked P. H. Newsbaum, and that the regular selling price of that quality of sugar was 10 or 11 cts. per pound. A. I. Applebee of the firm of Applebee & Rogers stated that a box of mince meat was shipped to his firm from New York Nov. 1st, but that they had not received it and after making application to the Railway Co. many times, the defendant, W. E. Benjamin, came to him and after some conversation settled with his partner Rogers for about $40, stating that his (defendant's) brother had received the barrel during his absence from Bradford, and that the facts had only then come to their knowledge who it belonged to. One witness testified to having purchased a tub of mince meat from defendants for 4 cts. per pound that the usual price for such quality was 9 or 10 cents. B. J. Wilmoth testified to having looked the matter up on behalf of the Railway Co. and had traced both the barrel of sugar and the mince meat to the defendant's. For the defence both defendants positively denied having had any knowledge that the goods in question had been stolen and that they bought and disposed of the sugar in a bona fide sale and the mince meat they sold for 10 per cent. commission. At the close of the counsel's addresses to the jury, the counsel for the defendants requested the court to charge the jury as follows: "1. There has been no evidence by the prosecution that the goods alleged to have been received by defendants were stolen from any one, and such being the case, jury must acquit. 2. There is no allegation in the indictment that defendants received a barrel of sugar, the property of Newsbaum, and they cannot be convicted for receiving any goods except those charged in the indictment." The court declined to include the above and proceeded to charge the jury as the evidence warranted, pointing out that until goods are delivered to their owners railway company [illegible]

THURSDAY MORNING SESSION.

Jury in t[illegible] the ... Benjamin [illegible] ... guilty on the [illegible]

LEGAL.

General Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, It is and by the thirteenth section of the Act of General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed July 2, 1839, entitled "An act relating to the election in this Commonwealth," It is enjoined on the Sheriff of every county to give notice of such elections to be held, and enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: In pursuance thereof, I, R. BARTWELL, Sheriff of the county of McKean, do hereby make known, and give this public notice to the electors of said county of McKean, that a General Election will be held in said county on the FIRST TUESDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, being the fourth day of the month, in the several election districts therein.

And as directed by the thirteenth section of the act of July, 1839, I hereby give notice that every person (excepting the Justices of the Peace) who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth and that no Inspector, Judge or other Officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

And further the first section of the act of March 2, 1864:

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and is hereby enacted by authority of the same, that the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth at all general township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers voted for, including office of Senator, member and members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for and be labeled "Borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

And whereas, by virtue of the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, adopted December 16, 1873:

Every male citizen 21 years of age, possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections: *First*—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. *Second*—He shall have resided in the State one year (or if having previously been a qualified citizen or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election. *Third*—He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. *Fourth*—Of twenty-two years of age, or upward he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SEC. 4. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach of surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections, and going to and returning therefrom.

WHEREAS, The fifteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

SEC. 1. The right of citizens of the United States shall not be denied or abridged on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. That Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

AND WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States, on the 31st of March, 1870, passed an act entitled "An act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States, to vote in the several States of the Union, and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

BE IT ENACTED, &c., That all citizens of the United States who do or shall be otherwise qualified to vote at any election by the people of any State, Territory, district, city, county, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial subdivision, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction of color, race, or previous condition of servitude; and constitution, law, custom, usage or regulation of any State or territory, or by or under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if, by or under the constitution or laws of any State or the laws of any territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite, or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or laws persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisites or to become qualified to vote it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisites and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude, and if any such persons or officers shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section he shall for every offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case with full costs on such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and also for every such offence be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereof be fined not less than five hundred dollars or to be imprisoned not less than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

And whereas, it is declared by the second section of the VI article of the Constitution of the United States that "This Constitution and the laws of the United States shall be made in pursuance thereof shall be the supreme law of the land, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding."

I also make known the following provisions of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

ARTICLE VIII.

Suffrage and Election.

An act entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth," approved the 30th day of January, 1874.

SEC. 8. At the opening of the polls at all elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts to have in custody the register of voters and to make the entries therein required by law; and it shall be the duty of the other of said inspectors to receive and number the ballots presented at said election.

SEC. 9. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the lists of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets, the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number of the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector may have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of any election held under this act shall, before entering upon their duties be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other The judges shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspector, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming be duly made out and signed by the officer so sworn and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall sign the form of an oath without being duly sworn or if any judge or minority inspector shall corruptly or any officer who is required to sign shall refuse to do so, any such person shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in the proper court of quarter sessions of the county shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 10. As soon as the polls shall close the officers of the election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for; and make a full return of the same in triplicate with a tally sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and then in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not certifying them The votes as soon as counted shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement of the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and the same shall be immediately posted upon the door of the election house for the information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and sealed in presence of the officers, and one envelope with the unsealed return sheet given to the judge which shall contain one list of voters, tally paper and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector

All judges living within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles if their residence be in a town or village or city, upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall before 12 o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said returns sheet to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county, which said return sheet be filed and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the Prothonotary for public inspection.

All officers provided for by this act shall be compensated as like others are compensated by existing laws.—Whenever a place has been or shall be provided by the authority of any city, county, township or borough for the safe keeping of the ballot boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall after the election shall be finished, seal the ballot box or boxes containing the tickets, list of voters and other papers, have been securely bound with tape and sealed and the signature of the judge and inspectors affixed thereto forthwith deliver the same together with the remaining boxes, to the mayor and recorder of such city or in counties, townships and boroughs, to such person or persons as the Court of Common Pleas may designate at the place provided as aforesaid, who shall then deposit the said boxes and keep the same to answer the call of any court or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election.—Whenever the election officers of any election district shall require the election boxes of such district to hold any election which by law they are or shall be required to hold, they shall keep the same securely in their possession without opening, until the morning of such election, and until they shall be severally sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, and after being so sworn or affirmed they shall open the said boxes and burn and totally destroy all the ballots and other papers which they shall find therein before proceeding to hold such election.

Also Section 3 of the act approved the 25th day of February, 1874:

SEC. 3. In all elections hereinafter the certificate of naturalization, if genuine, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts mentioned therein and where the persons offering to vote claim the right of payment of tax, the receipt of such tax, if signed by the proper officer, shall be the evidence thereof if such persons do not produce such receipt then the payment of the tax may be proved by the oath of such person, or other evidence, stating when, where and to whom such tax was paid.

The qualified electors of the county of McKean will hold their elections in the several districts as follows

The township of Annin at the River school house.

The borough of Smethport at the Court House in Smethport.

BRADFORD CITY.

First Ward—Council Chamber, on Pine street.

Second Ward—Bradford Oil Company's office, Congress street.

Third Ward—School House, School street.

Fourth Ward—Williams & Kennedy's office, Kennedy street, near saw mill.

Fifth Ward—Roberts tank shop, Main St., near bridge.

BRADFORD TOWNSHIP.

District No. 1.—At School House, Kendall Creek.

District No. 2.—At the DeGolia School House.

The township of Ceres at house of E. J. Barber.

The township of Corydon at Coffee Run school house.

The borough of Duke Center at the school house in said borough.

The township of Eldred at Eldred hotel.

The township of Hamlin at school house near J. E. B. White's.

The township of Hamilton at the school house in the village of Ludlow.

The borough of Kendall at the school house in said borough.

The township of Keating at the Court House in Smethport.

The township of Liberty at hotel of Mrs. Sallie Palmer.

The township of Lafayette in school house at Lafayette Corners.

The township of Norwich at the house of C. R. Burdick.

The township of Otto in the school house at Duke Center.

The township of Sergeant at what is known as the "old school house."

The township of Wetmore at school house in the village of Kane

At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the poll shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m.

At which time and places the qualified electors will vote by ballot for the following officers, namely:

One person for Treasurer of this Commonwealth

One person for Jury Commissioner of [illegible]

[illegible] day of October A D 1879

[illegible] of the United States

R. SANDWELL

Sheriff of McKean county

Oct 1, 1879

NEW FALL ADVERTISEMENT

R. O. SMITH & CO.

OLEAN, N. Y.

Wish to call your attention to special lines of Very Cheap Goods in the following Departments

DRESS GOODS,

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,

Black Cashmeres, all Wool, 40 inch, at 50 cts.
" " " " 46 " 65c., 73c., 85c., and $1 00

AMERICAN DRESS GOODS

By the yard at cost price. We will save you from 5 to 25 cents a yard on all Dress Goods you may buy of us.

VERY ATTRACTIVE LINES OF

GLOVES AND HOSIERY, CLOAKS, DOLMANS AND CIRCULARS, LINENS AND WHITE GOODS, FLANNELS AND BLANKETS, CARPETS AND CURTAINS.

A FULL LINE OF

DOMESTICS

BEST PRINTS 6 CENTS. BEST FINE SHEETINGS 7 CENTS. LARGE STOCK OF MEN'S AND BOY'S BOOTS. ATTRACTIVE LINES OF LADIES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

WE QUOTE BELOW PRICES ON THREE BOOTS THAT CANNOT BE FOUND ELSEWHERE AT SAME PRICES:

Solid Sole, Inside and Top Kip Boot $1.65, cheap at $2.00.
Solid Sole, Inside and Top Calf Boot $1.75, cheap at $2.50.

Lester Brothers' best two sole and tap, hand made Kip Boot, $2.25. It is the best Kip Boot made. Every pair warranted.

ALL OUR

CASHMERES, SILKS, DOMESTICS AND BOOTS

(Men's Boots,) were bought in April and May. They were at that time twenty per cent. cheaper than now.

WE ARE to-day retailing many of these Goods at less than the present wholesale rates.

WE WILL CERTAINLY SAVE YOU MONEY IF YOU WILL GIVE US YOUR TRADE.

R. O. SMITH & CO.

GRANT, THE CLOTHIER

37 MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.

NEW FALL STYLE OF HATS

AT GRANT'S, 37, MAIN ST.

ELEGANT LINE OF OUR COATINGS JUST RECEIVED

AT GRANT'S, 37 MAIN ST.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF NEW SUITINGS, BOTH FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,

AT GRANT'S, 37 MAIN ST.

FOR FIRST-CLASS, STYLISH CUSTOM CLOTHING, GO ONLY TO

GRANT'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

37 Main St., Bradford.

GENTLEMEN, CALL AT GRANT'S AND SEE THE NEW NOVELTIES FOR MEN'S WEAR NOW ON SALE.

MR. C. S. TRIPP remains in charge of GRANT'S TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which is a sufficient guarantee of a good fitting, stylish Garment.